

Muswellbrook Coal Company Limited

Spontaneous Combustion Report

For: Environmental Protection Licence 656

Reporting Period: January 2020

Authority Holder: Muswellbrook Coal Company

Limited

Report Date: 29 April 2020

Approved by: Julie Thomas

Environmental Superintendent

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

The coal seams mined by the Muswellbrook Coal Company (MCC) operations are the Greta Coal Measures. These measures have a history of spontaneous combustion. Spontaneous combustion has been a long-term issue at MCC since the first operation commenced in 1907.

A Spontaneous Combustion Management Plan (SCMP) has been prepared according to the specific requirements of the Development Consent. The main objective of the SCMP is to minimise the occurrence of spontaneous combustion and manage the effect by identification, control, removal, mitigation and prevention in the following areas:

- Existing open cut and underground workings;
- Drilling and blasting;
- Mining of overburden;
- Mining of coal;
- Emplacement of overburden;
- Emplacement of washery reject; and
- Coal stockpiles.

The Environment Protection Authority (EPA) require MCC to provide reports on spontaneous combustion management and monitoring on a monthly basis. This report identifies:

- Spontaneous combustion management during the reporting period;
- Gas monitoring results;
- Number of complaints relating to spontaneous combustion;
- Response to hydrogen sulphide levels above the odour threshold; and
- Correlation between spontaneous combustion on site with gas results and complaints received.

2.0 SPONTANEOUS COMBUSTION MANAGEMENT MEASURES

The daily spontaneous combustion management measures for the reporting period are shown in **Table 1**.

Table 1: Spontaneous Combustion Management Measures

Date	Water Sprays	Water Carts Assisting	Capping	Hot Material Removal	Comments
01/01/20	S21	OC1	S21	1	
02/01/20	S21	S21	S21	ı	
03/01/20	S21	S21	S21	1	
04/01/20	S21	OC1	S21	S21	
05/01/20	S21	OC1	S21	S21	
06/01/20	ı	OC1	S21	1	
07/01/20	-	S21	S21	-	
08/01/20	-	S21	S21	-	
09/01/20	-	S21	S21	-	



Date	Water Sprays	Water Carts	Capping	Hot Material	Comments
		Assisting		Removal	
10/01/20	-	OC1	S21	-	
11/01/20	-	OC1	S21	-	
12/01/20	-	OC1	RL137	-	
13/01/20	-	S22	S21	-	
14/01/20	-	S21	S21	-	
15/01/20	-	S21	S21	-	
16/01/20	-	OC1	S21	S22	
17/01/20	-	S22	S21	S22	
18/01/20	-	S21	S21	-	
19/01/20	-	S21	S21	S22	
20/01/20	-	S22	S21	S22	
21/01/20	-	S22	S21	S22	
22/01/20	-	S22	S21	-	
23/01/20	-	S22	S21	-	
24/01/20	-	OC1	S21	-	
25/01/20	=	OC1	-	-	
26/01/20	-	OC1	-	-	
27/01/20	-	OC1	S21	-	
28/01/20	-	S22	S21	-	
29/01/20	-	OC1	S21	-	Installing pipe for water infusion
30/01/20	-	OC1	-	-	Clay seal finished in S21
31/01/20	-	S22	S21	S22	

The classification system for spontaneous combustion outbreaks is provided in **Table 2**. A summary of the areas affected by spontaneous combustion and the areas controlled and treated during the reporting period is provided in **Table 3**. The locations of these areas can be seen in **Figure 1** and **Figure 2**.

Table 2: Classification of Spontaneous Combustion Outbreaks

Classification	Description			
Α	Open flame			
В	Visible steam or smoke			
С	Other physical evidence of spontaneous combustion (e.g. cracks, coal tars, sulphur crusting, etc)			

^{* -} classification revised in November 2019

Table 3: Summary of Spontaneous Combustion

Site Map Location	Classification (A-C)	Affected Area Without Active Control (m²)	Active Controls Completed	Area Controlled (m²)	
Open Cut 1	A B	20* 22*	Mining Capping Infusion	12** 35** 5,100**	
Open Cut 2	N/A	0*	None Required	0**	
SUMMARY					
Total Area Affecte	ed	42*			
Total Area Contro	lled	47**			

^{* -} at end of reporting period

No spontaneous combustion outbreaks were observed in Open Cut 2 throughout January 2020. Therefore, no active controls were implemented in Open Cut 2.

3.0 GAS MONITORING RESULTS

The gas monitoring results are displayed graphically in **Figure 3** to **Figure 7**. As noted in these graphs, there were no results above the health impact assessment criteria or the odour threshold during the reporting period.

The data capture rates for the reporting period and the last 12 months are shown in **Table 4**.

Table 4: Data Capture Rates

Monitoring Location	Pollutant	Averaging Period	Data Capture – January (%)	Data Capture - 12 Month Rolling (%)
	Hydrogen Sulphide	30 minutes	96.2	95.9
Point 9, Nisbet		1 hour	94.6	94.3
		24 hours	96.8	98.1
Point 10, Muscle	Hydrogen Sulphide	30 minutes	95.2	95.7
Creek		1 hour	93.5	93.9
Creek		24 hours	96.8	98.4
Daint 15 Nichat	Sulphur Dioxide	1 hour	94.5	94.4
Point 15, Nisbet		24 hours	96.8	98.1
Point 16, Muscle	Culmbur Diavida	1 hour	94.0	94.1
Creek	Sulphur Dioxide	24 hours	96.8	98.4

^{** -} during reporting period

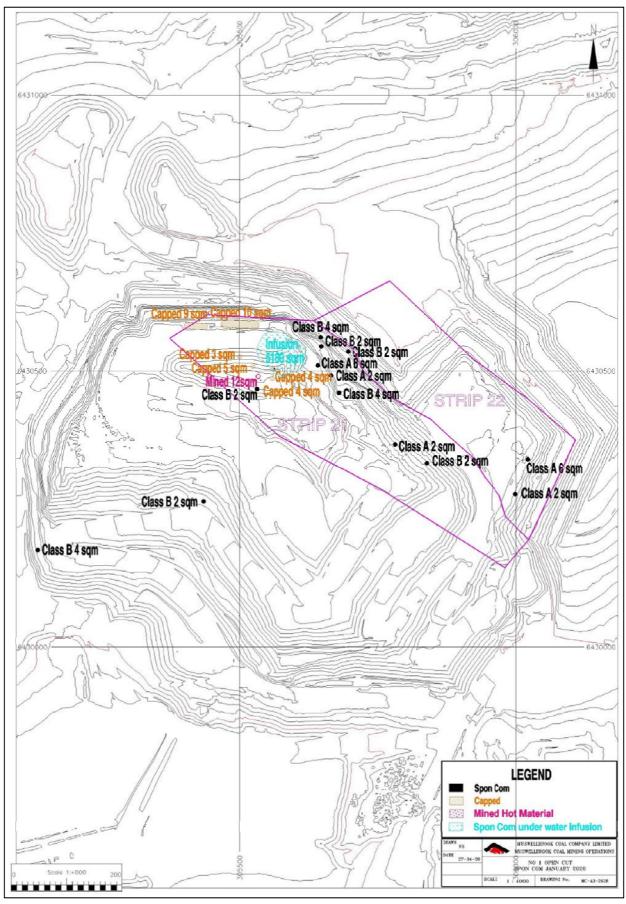


Figure 1: Location of Spontaneous Combustion Outbreaks in Open Cut 1

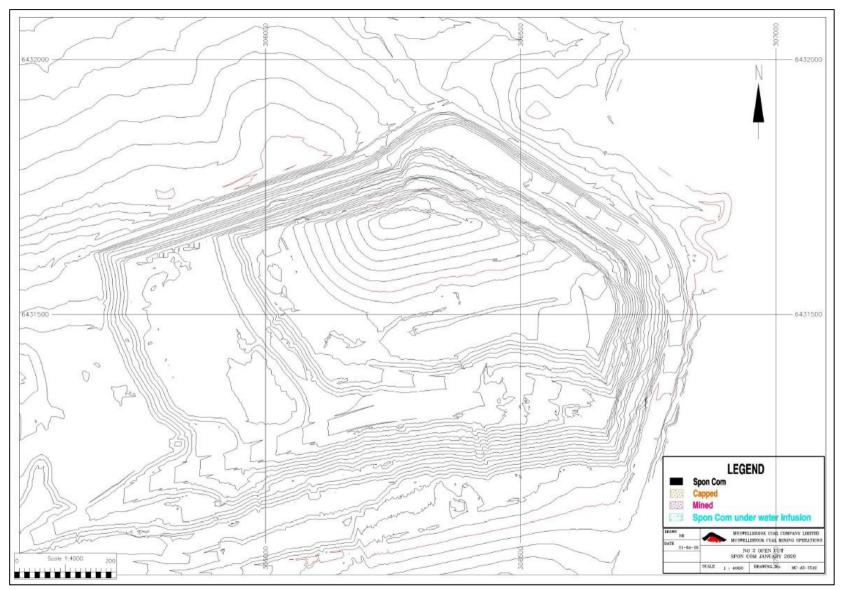


Figure 2: Location of Spontaneous Combustion Outbreaks in Open Cut 2



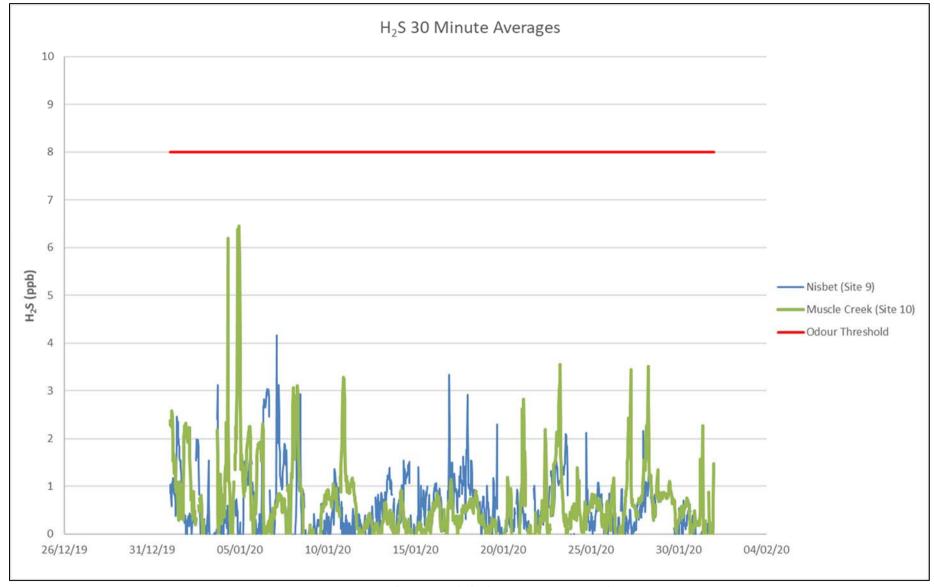


Figure 3: Hydrogen Sulphide 30 Minute Results



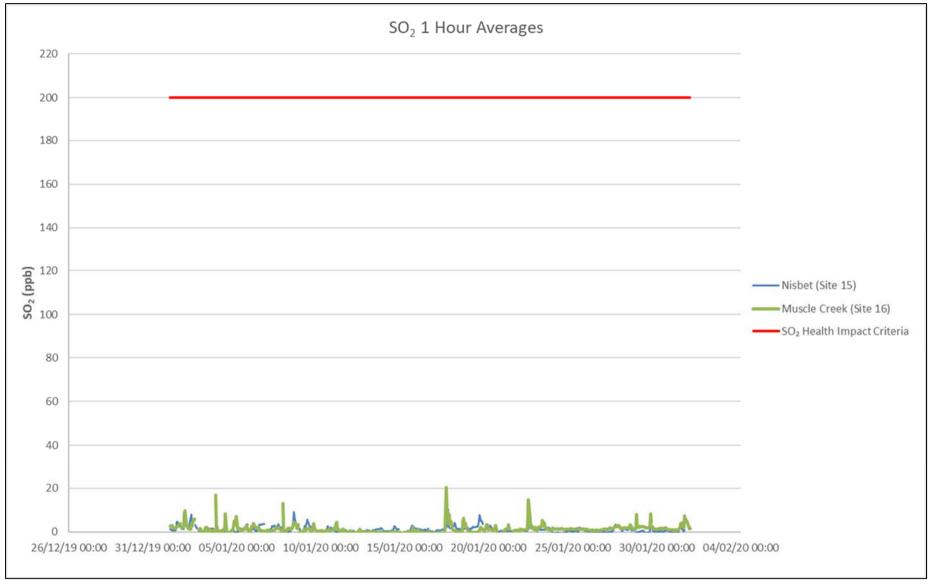


Figure 4: Sulphur Dioxide 1 Hour Results



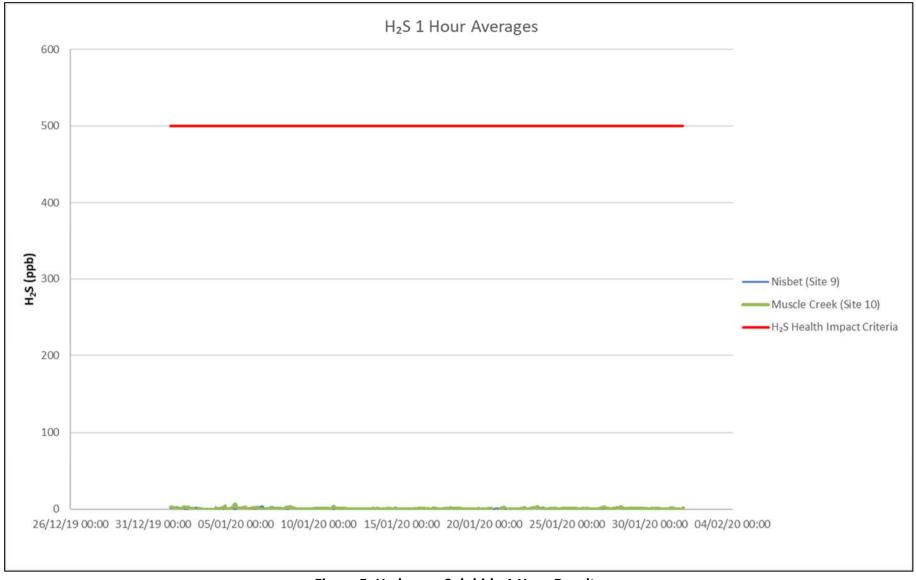


Figure 5: Hydrogen Sulphide 1 Hour Results



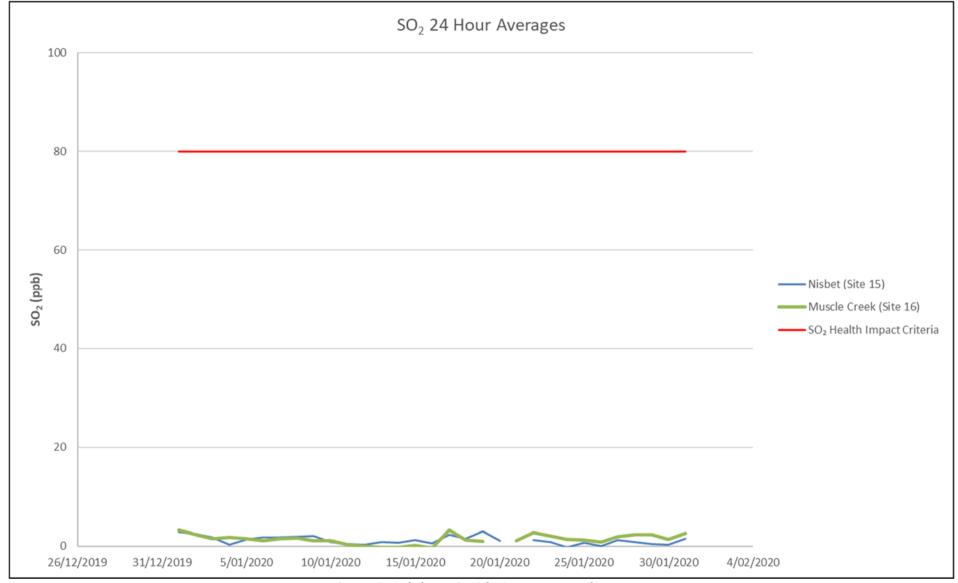


Figure 6: Sulphur Dioxide 24 Hour Results



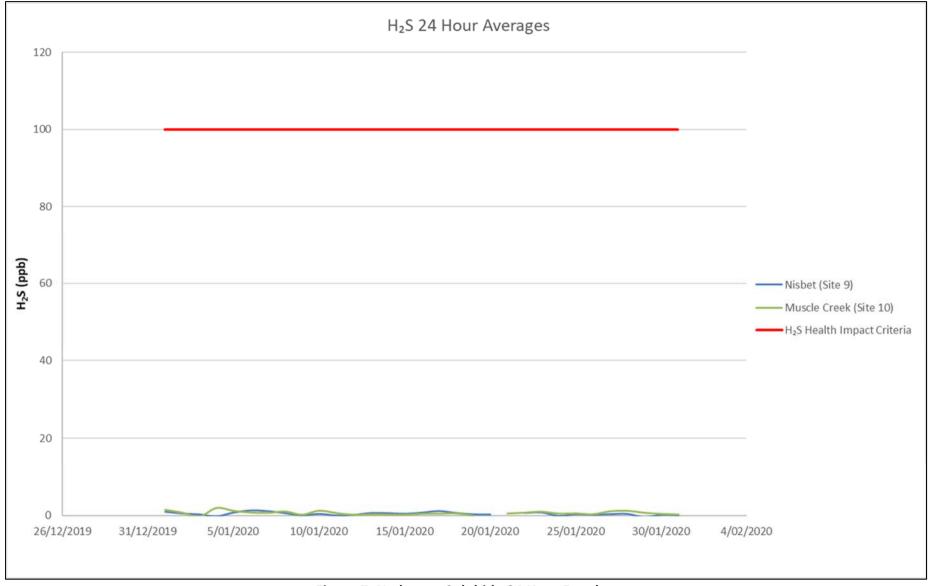


Figure 7: Hydrogen Sulphide 24 Hour Results

4.0 RESPONSE TO ELEVATED GAS LEVELS

When MCC receive an alarm that the hydrogen sulphide levels at the gas monitors are above the odour threshold of 8ppb, a review of operations and gas sources in the local area is undertaken. The responses to any alarms received during the reporting period are shown in **Table 5**.

Table 5: Actions Taken in Response to Elevated Gas Levels

Date and Time of Alarm	Location of Alarm	Weather Conditions at Time of Alarm	Response to Alarm	Classification of Spontaneous Combustion
	No alarms were	received during	the reporting perio	d

5.0 CORRELATION BETWEEN MANAGEMENT ACTIVITIES AND GAS LEVELS

A review of the correlation between spontaneous combustion management activities, gas levels and complaints has been undertaken. This review has found that spontaneous combustion management activities were occurring throughout the reporting period and gas levels during the reporting period were low.

6.0 CORRELATION BETWEEN COMMUNITY COMPLAINTS AND GAS LEVELS

There were no complaints received during the reporting period related to odour or visual impacts from spontaneous combustion.

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