



**Muswellbrook Coal Company Limited**

**Spontaneous Combustion Report**

**For: Environmental Protection Licence 656**

**Reporting Period: April 2020**

**Authority Holder: Muswellbrook Coal Company Limited**

**Report Date: 25 May 2020**

**Approved by: Julie Thomas  
Environmental Superintendent**



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## 1.0 INTRODUCTION

The coal seams mined by the Muswellbrook Coal Company (MCC) operations are the Greta Coal Measures. These measures have a history of spontaneous combustion. Spontaneous combustion has been a long-term issue at MCC since the first operation commenced in 1907.

A Spontaneous Combustion Management Plan (SCMP) has been prepared according to the specific requirements of the Development Consent. The main objective of the SCMP is to minimise the occurrence of spontaneous combustion and manage the effect by identification, control, removal, mitigation and prevention in the following areas:

- Existing open cut and underground workings;
- Drilling and blasting;
- Mining of overburden;
- Mining of coal;
- Emplacement of overburden;
- Emplacement of washery reject; and
- Coal stockpiles.

The Environment Protection Authority (EPA) require MCC to provide reports on spontaneous combustion management and monitoring on a monthly basis. This report identifies:

- Spontaneous combustion management during the reporting period;
- Gas monitoring results;
- Number of complaints relating to spontaneous combustion;
- Response to hydrogen sulphide levels above the odour threshold; and
- Correlation between spontaneous combustion on site with gas results and complaints received.

## 2.0 SPONTANEOUS COMBUSTION MANAGEMENT MEASURES

The daily spontaneous combustion management measures for the reporting period are shown in **Table 1**.

**Table 1: Spontaneous Combustion Management Measures**

Date	Water Sprays	Water Carts Assisting	Capping	Hot Material Removal	Comments
01/04/20	-	OC1	RL155	-	
02/04/20	-	OC1	S22	-	
03/04/20	-	S22	-	-	Wet weather
04/04/20	-	-	-	-	Wet weather
05/04/20	-	OC1	-	-	
06/04/20	-	S22	-	S22	
07/04/20	-	S22	S22	-	
08/04/20	-	S22	RL155	-	



Date	Water Sprays	Water Carts Assisting	Capping	Hot Material Removal	Comments
09/04/20	-	S22	RL155 & S22	-	S22 RL190 spot outbreak capped
10/04/20	-	OC1	RL155	S22	
11/04/20	-	OC1	-	S22	
12/04/20	-	OC1	-	-	
13/04/20	-	OC1	S22	-	
14/04/20	-	S22	-	-	
15/04/20	-	S22	-	-	
16/04/20	-	OC1	S21 & RL155	S22	
17/04/20	-	OC1	S21	-	S21 spot outbreak capped
18/04/20	-	OC1	-	S22 & RL155	
19/04/20	-	OC1	-	-	
20/04/20	-	S22	-	-	
21/04/20	-	OC1	-	-	
22/04/20	-	S22	-	-	
23/04/20	-	OC1	RL155 dump	-	
24/04/20	-	OC1	-	-	
25/04/20	-	OC1	-	S22 & RL155 dump	
26/04/20	-	OC1	-	S22 & RL155 dump	
27/04/20	-	OC1	-	-	
28/04/20	-	OC1	-	-	
29/04/20	-	S22	S22	-	
30/04/20	-	OC1	S21	S22	

The classification system for spontaneous combustion outbreaks is provided in **Table 2**. A summary of the areas affected by spontaneous combustion and the areas controlled and treated during the reporting period is provided in **Table 3**. The locations of these areas can be seen in **Figure 1** to **Figure 2**.

**Table 2: Classification of Spontaneous Combustion Outbreaks**

Classification	Description
A	Open flame
B	Visible steam or smoke
C	Other physical evidence of spontaneous combustion (e.g. cracks, coal tars, sulphur crusting, etc)

\* - classification revised in November 2019

**Table 3: Summary of Spontaneous Combustion**

Site Map Location	Classification (A-C)	Affected Area Without Active Control ( $m^2$ )	Active Controls Completed	Area Controlled ( $m^2$ )
Open Cut 1	A	14*	Mining	1,730**
	B	24*	Capping	24**
	C	18*	Infusion	0**
Open Cut 2	N/A	0*	None Required	0**
<b>SUMMARY</b>				
Total Area Affected		56*		
Total Area Controlled		1,754**		

\* - at end of reporting period

\*\* - during reporting period

No spontaneous combustion outbreaks were observed in Open Cut 2 throughout April 2020. Therefore, no active controls were implemented in Open Cut 2.

### 3.0 GAS MONITORING RESULTS

The gas monitoring results are displayed graphically in **Figure 3** to **Figure 7**. As noted in these graphs, there were no results above the health impact assessment criteria for the reporting period. There was only one result in the reporting period where H<sub>2</sub>S was above the odour threshold. This occurred on 3<sup>rd</sup> April 2020 at Muscle Creek (Site 10).

The data capture rates for the reporting period and the last 12 months are shown in **Table 4**.

**Table 4: Data Capture Rates**

<b>Monitoring Location</b>	<b>Pollutant</b>	<b>Averaging Period</b>	<b>Data Capture – April (%)</b>	<b>Data Capture – 12 Month Rolling (%)</b>
Point 9, Nisbet	Hydrogen Sulphide	30 minutes	95.3	95.7
		1 hour	94.7	94.3
		24 hours	100.0	98.1
Point 10, Muscle Creek	Hydrogen Sulphide	30 minutes	96.0	95.5
		1 hour	94.9	93.9
		24 hours	100.0	98.1
Point 15, Nisbet	Sulphur Dioxide	1 hour	95.0	92.4
		24 hours	100.0	95.9
Point 16, Muscle Creek	Sulphur Dioxide	1 hour	95.0	94.1
		24 hours	100.0	98.4



**Figure 1: Location of Spontaneous Combustion Outbreaks in Open Cut 1**

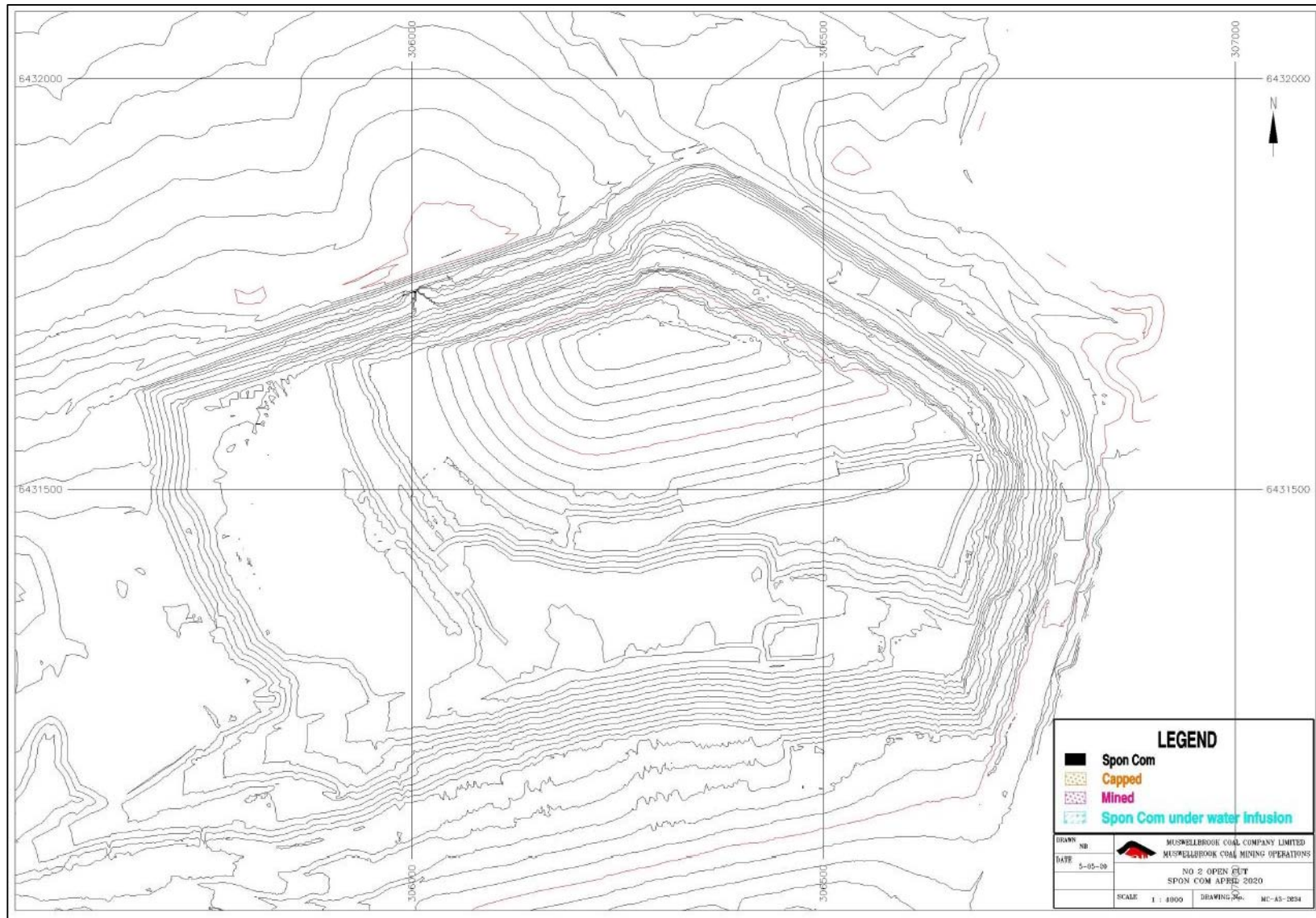


Figure 2: Location of Spontaneous Combustion Outbreaks in Open Cut 2



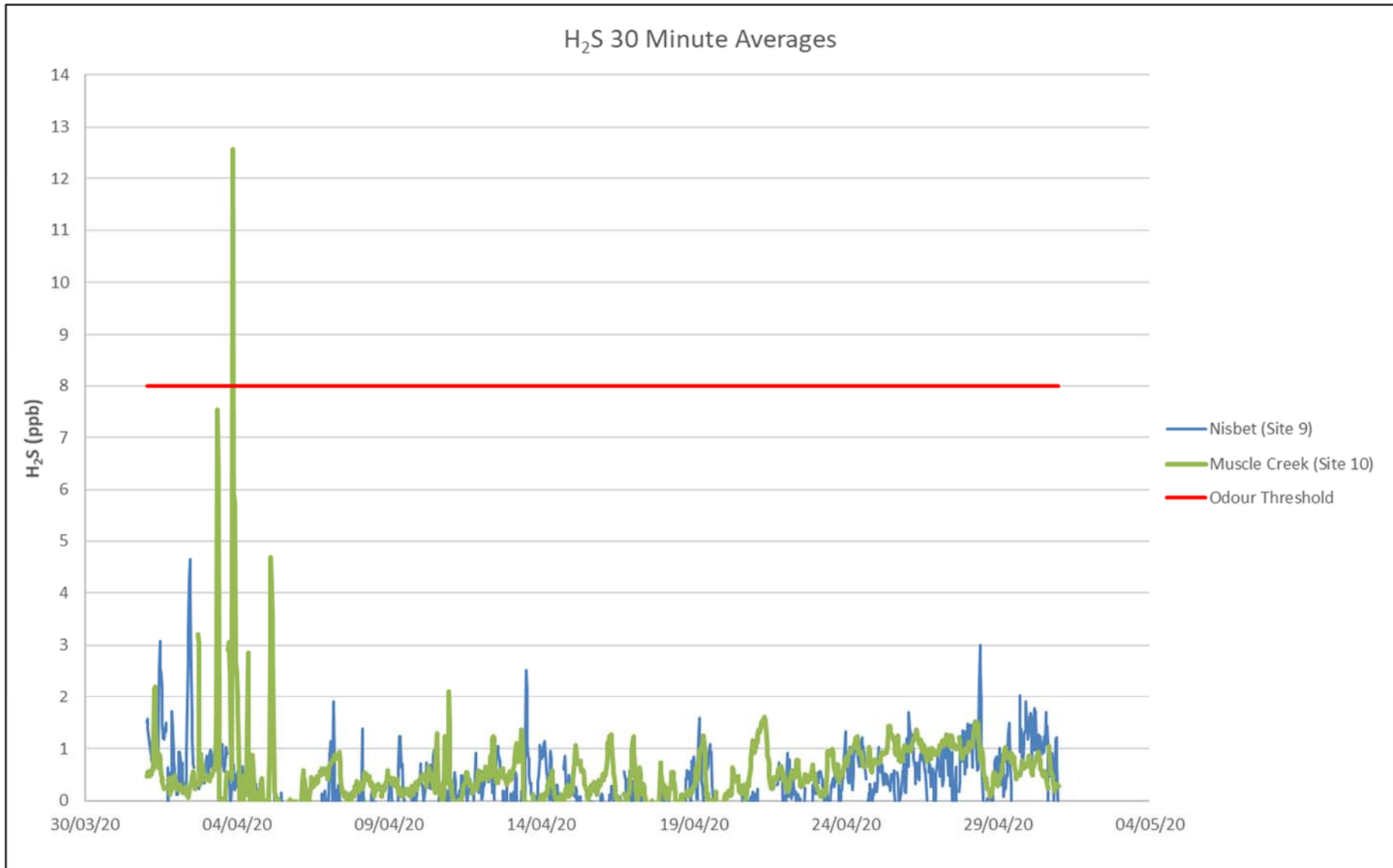


Figure 3: Hydrogen Sulphide 30 Minute Results

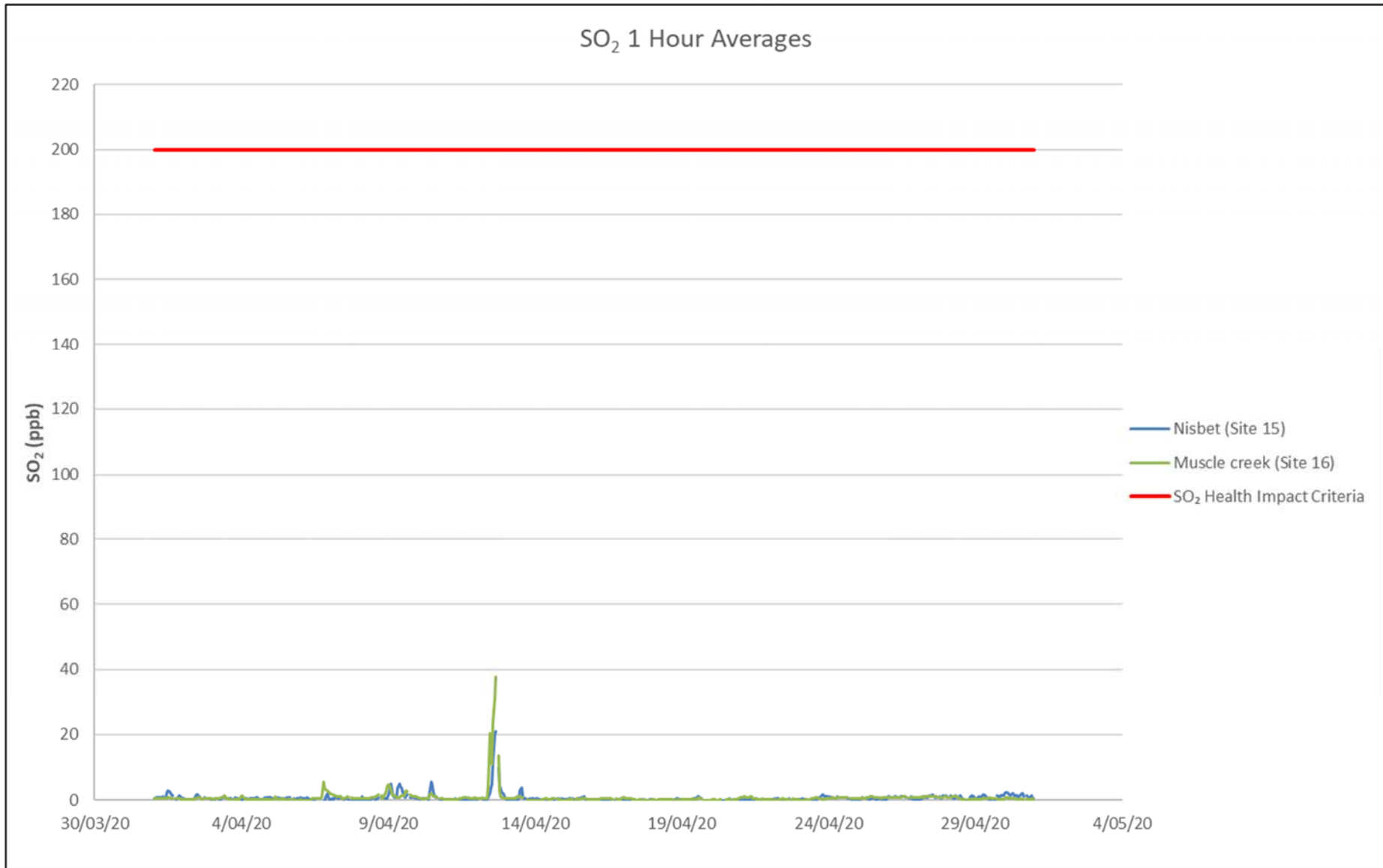


Figure 4: Sulphur Dioxide 1 Hour Results

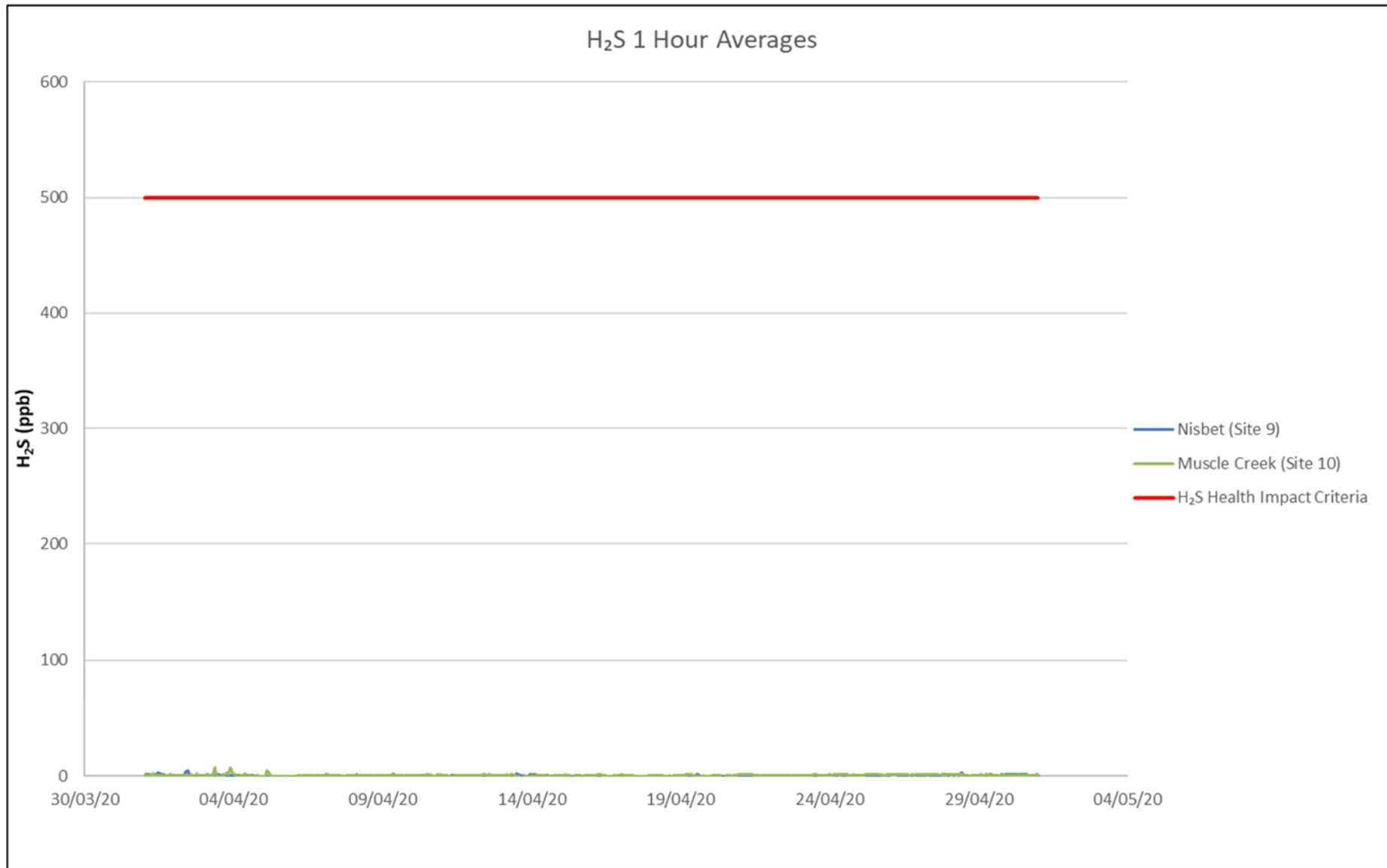


Figure 5: Hydrogen Sulphide 1 Hour Results

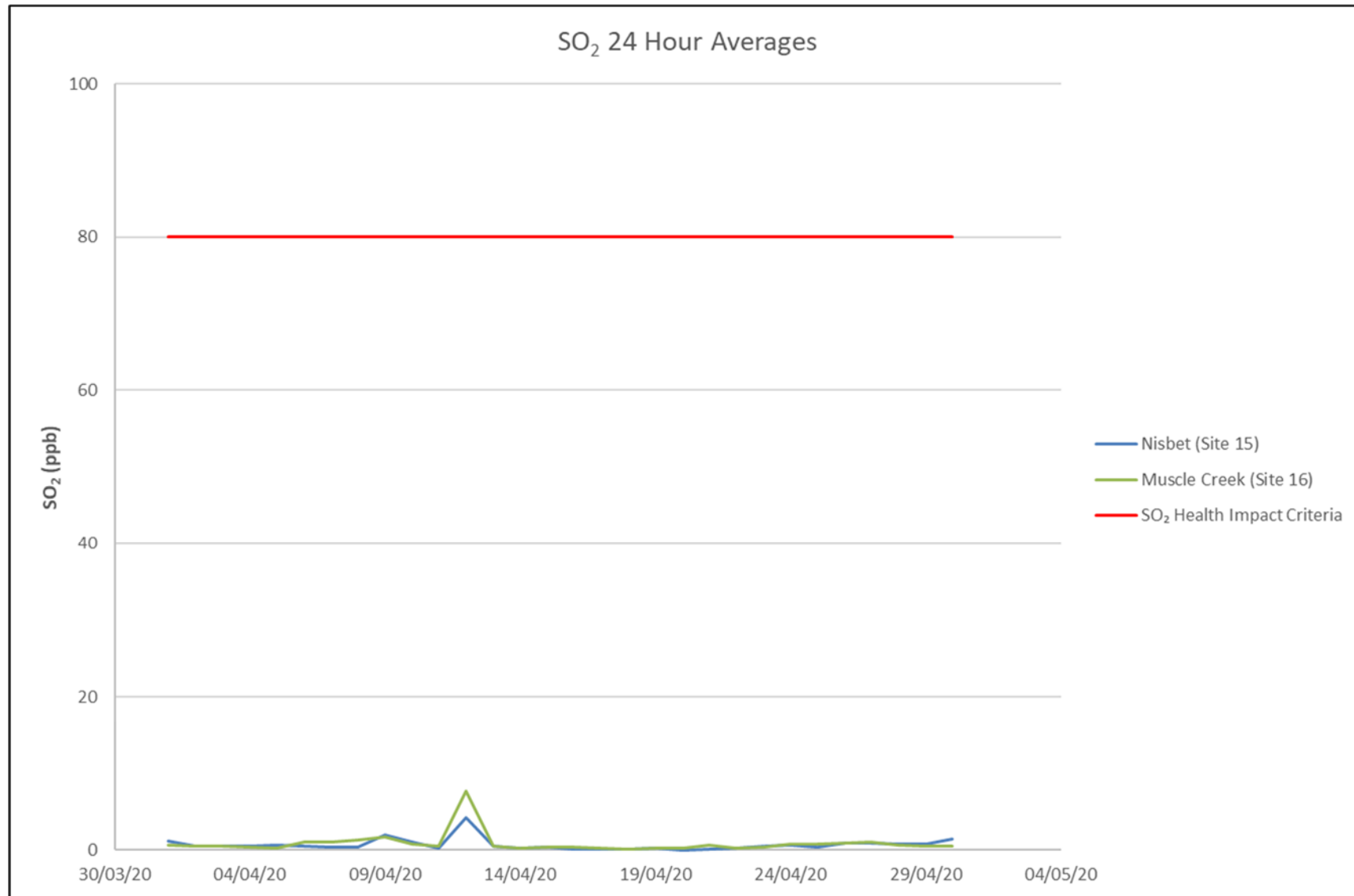


Figure 6: Sulphur Dioxide 24 Hour Results

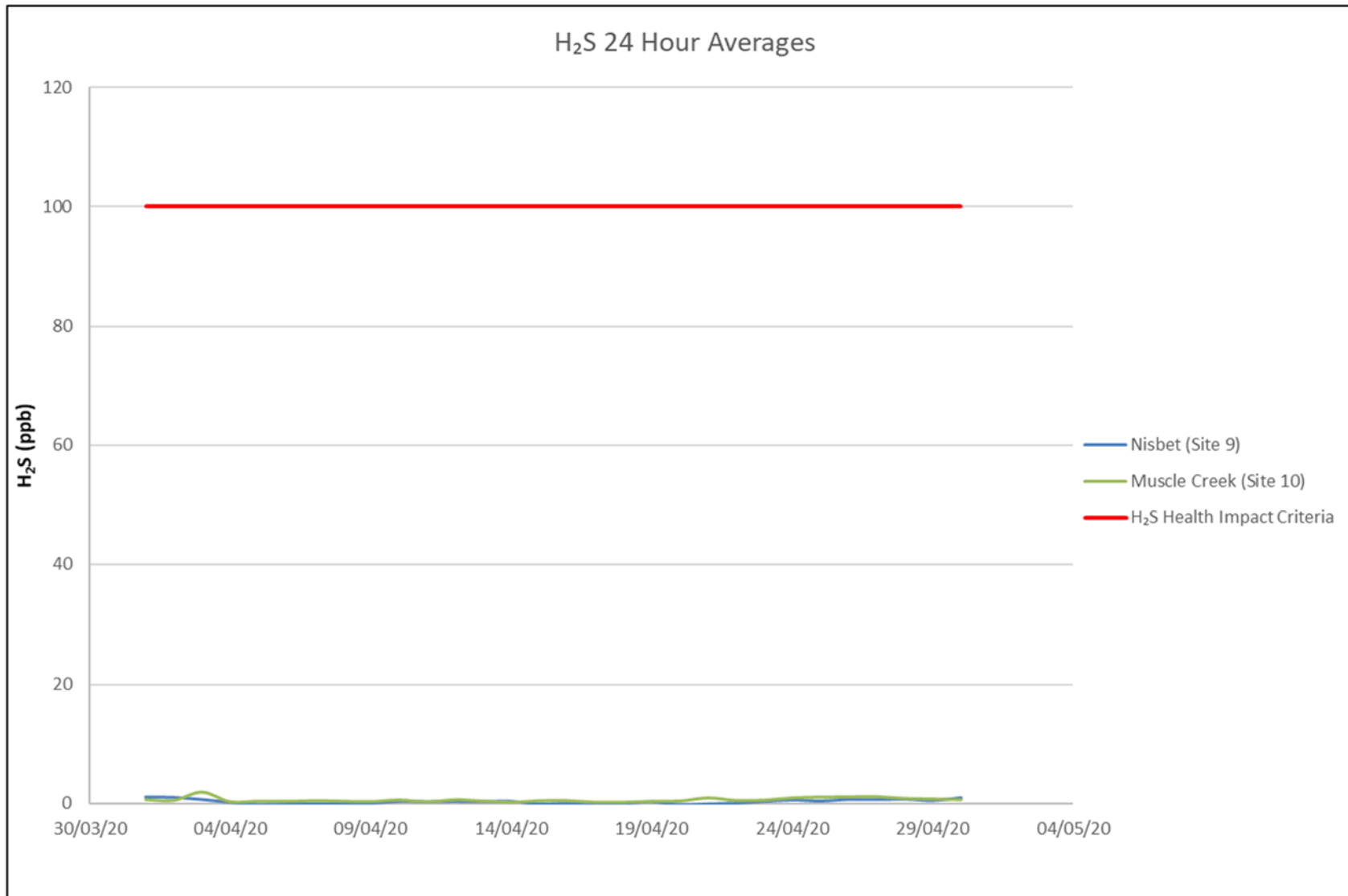


Figure 7: Hydrogen Sulphide 24 Hour Results

#### 4.0 RESPONSE TO ELEVATED GAS LEVELS

When MCC receive an alarm that the hydrogen sulphide levels at the gas monitors are above the odour threshold of 8ppb, a review of operations and gas sources in the local area is undertaken. The responses to any alarms received during the reporting period are shown in **Table 5**. No alarms were received during the reporting period due to an issue with the alarming system and alarm trigger. Despite an alarm not being received, an investigation into the elevated hydrogen sulphide level was conducted and the following information was gathered in response.

**Table 5: Actions Taken in Response to Elevated Gas Levels**

<b>Date and Time of Alarm</b>	<b>Location of Alarm</b>	<b>Weather Conditions at Time of Alarm</b>	<b>Response to Alarm</b>	<b>Classification of Spontaneous Combustion</b>
03/04/2020 8:30pm	Muscle Creek	Northerly wind at 1.2m/s. Total rainfall = 25.2mm between 2.00pm and 8.30pm.	Spontaneous combustion management was being undertaken during the wet weather, including water carts to cooling areas.	Combination of Class A, B and C.

#### 5.0 CORRELATION BETWEEN MANAGEMENT ACTIVITIES AND GAS LEVELS

A review of the correlation between spontaneous combustion management activities, gas levels and complaints has been undertaken. This review has found that spontaneous combustion management activities were occurring throughout the reporting period and gas levels during the reporting period were low. Spontaneous combustion management activities were being undertaken at the time of the elevated gas levels on 3<sup>rd</sup> April 2020.

#### 6.0 CORRELATION BETWEEN COMMUNITY COMPLAINTS AND GAS LEVELS

There was one complaint received during the reporting period which related to odour impacts from spontaneous combustion. This was received on 13<sup>th</sup> April 2020 at 7:58am from a resident in Muscle Creek, 7km east of the site. A northerly wind was blowing at 1.0m/s at the time of the complaint.

A review of the gas data for the complaint received on 13<sup>th</sup> April 2020 shows that the 30 minute and 1-hour gas levels were <1ppb for both sulphur dioxide and hydrogen sulphide at both monitoring locations at the time of the complaint.