

9 December 2024

Ref: 212218/10632

Muswellbrook Coal Company PO Box 123 Muswellbrook NSW 2333

RE: NOVEMBER 2024 NOISE MONITORING RESULTS – MUSWELLBROOK COAL MINE

This letter report presents the results of noise compliance monitoring, commencing at about 12:30 am on Tuesday 26<sup>th</sup> of November, 2024, for the Muswellbrook Coal Company (MCC) mine at Muscle Creek Road, Muswellbrook. The monitoring was undertaken as per the requirements of D.A. 205/2002 and detailed in the Noise Management Plan (NMP) for the mine.

# **Attended Noise Monitoring Program**

Noise monitoring was undertaken in accordance with the NMP as summarised below.

All attended monitoring and equipment maintenance and calibration is conducted in accordance with the Noise Policy for Industry (NPfI) and AS1055 – Acoustics, Description and Measurement of Environmental Noise.

Attended noise monitoring is undertaken monthly by an independent noise consultant. Each attended noise survey will be conducted during night periods only. If it is identified during the noise monitoring that the mining noise from the operation is exceeding the criteria, MCC will be notified and the operations will be modified as required. Monitoring at the location(s) where the noise levels are elevated will be undertaken again with a minimum break of 75 minutes between monitoring.

The noise criteria for MCC apply under all meteorological conditions except for the following:

- i. Wind speeds greater than 3m/s at 10m above ground level; or
- ii. Stability category F temperature inversion conditions and wind speeds greater than 2 m/s at 10m above ground level; or
- iii. Stability category G temperature inversion conditions.

To determine compliance with the Leq (15 min) operational noise criteria the modification factors detailed in Section 4 of the NPI must be applied, as appropriate, to the measured noise levels.

Due to the distance of the mine from each residence, the monitoring of LA1 (1minute) at the facade is not considered necessary and will be conducted at/or near the property boundary.



The attended noise monitoring locations are detailed in Table 1 and shown in Figure 1.

1	Table 1 Noise Monitoring Locations
Location	Description
R13	Sandy Creek Road
R15	Queen St
R17	Queen St
R25	Sandy Creek Road
R32	Muscle Creek Road

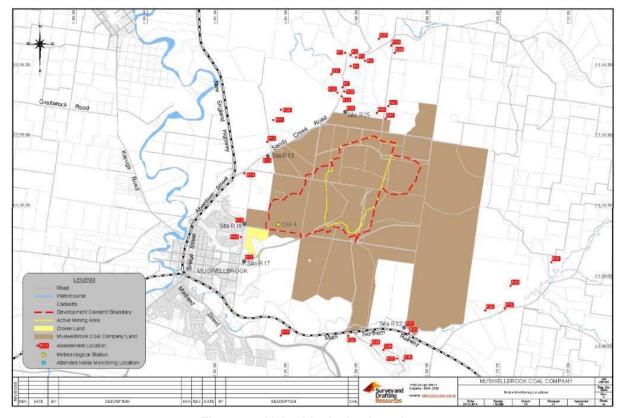


Figure 1 – Noise Monitoring Locations

Noise criteria for all assessment locations shown in Figure 1 are detailed in Appendix I to this report.

# **Monitoring Equipment**

Attended noise monitoring was conducted with a Brüel & Kjær Type 2250 Precision Sound Analyser. This instrument has Type 1 characteristics as defined in AS1259-1990 "Sound Level Meters" and has current NATA calibration. Field calibration is carried out at the start and end of each monitoring period. Calibration certificates are attached as **Appendix II** to this report.

A-weighted noise levels were measured over the 15 minute monitoring period with data acquired of 1 second statistical intervals and the meter set to "fast" response. Each 1 second measurement is accompanied by a third-octave band spectrum from 20 - 20k Hz which is required for analysing NPI 'modifying factors'.





Time based field notes allow for determination of the relative contributions to the overall noise level of all significant noise sources.

# **Measurement Analysis**

The MCC compliance noise criteria are based on a 15 minute Leq noise level. The 15 minute Leq noise level for each monitoring period is shown in the tables below. Where the noise from MCC was audible Bruel & Kjaer "Evaluator" analysis software was used to quantify the contribution of the mine and other significant noise sources to the overall level. Mine noise from MCC is shown in the table in bold type.

All noise levels shown are in dB(A) Leq (15 min) unless otherwise detailed.

## **MCC Operations**

Operational details for MCC for the monitoring period on the 26<sup>th</sup> of November, 2024 are detailed in **Appendix III**. At the time of the noise monitoring MCC had ceased mining operations and work was being undertaken to rehabilitate the site.

## **Noise Compliance Assessment**

The results of the noise measurements are shown in Table 2.

					Table	e 2			
			MCC Opera	tional Noise	Monitorin	g Results –	26th Novemb	er 2024	
Location	Time	dB(A), Leq	MCC Contribution dB(A), Leq	Criterion dB(A) Leq	dB(A), L1 (1min) <sup>1</sup>	Criterion dB(A), L1 (1min) <sup>1</sup>	Stability Class/ Wind speed (m/s)/dir <sup>o</sup>	Compliant Met Conditions?	Identified Noise Sources <sup>2</sup>
R13 Sandy Creek Rd.	12:53am	44	n/a	41	n/a	45	D/1.8/116	Yes	Train (43), traffic (37), insects (22), MCC inaudible
R15 Queen St.	1:17am	42	22	37	25	45	D/2.2/129	Yes	Traffic (42), insects (32), MCC (22)
R17 Queen St.	1:36am	35	26	35	30	45	D/2.1/111	Yes	Traffic (29), train (29), industrial (29), insects (26), MCC (26)
R25 Sandy Creek Rd.	12:33am	40	24	42	29	45	E/0.9/111	Yes	Insects (40), MCC (24)
R32 Muscle Creek Rd.	2:01am	49	n/a	35	n/a	45	D/2.0/111	Yes	Birds (46), traffic (45), insects (38), frogs (25), MCC inaudible

- 1. L1 (1 min) from MCC mine noise only
- 2. See text regarding MCC noise sources

The results in Table 2 show that, under the operational and meteorological conditions at the time, mine





noise from MCC was audible at monitoring locations R15, R17, and R25. Mine noise from MCC was inaudible at all other monitoring locations throughout the survey.

Table 2 also shows that the noise was consistent enough to be measurable at monitoring locations R15, R17, and R25. At locations R15, R17, and R25, the noise from MCC was from a combination of mine hum with occasional engine revs.

The data from the mine operated weather station showed that meteorological conditions were compliant with the conditions in the NMP for the noise monitoring surveys conducted at all monitoring locations.

As indicated above, noise from MCC was measurable or quantifiable at locations R15, R17, and R25.

Data from those times where MCC operations were audible during the monitoring survey were analysed using the "Evaluator" software. This analysis showed the noise did not contain any tonal or impulsive components as per definitions in the NPI.

The methodology for analysing the low frequency noise modifying factor correction in the NPI is shown in extract below.

Low-frequency noise	Measurement of source contribution C-weighted and A-weighted level and one-third octave measurements in the range 10– 160 Hz	Measure/assess source contribution C- and A-weighted Leq,T levels over same time period. Correction to be applied where the C minus A level is 15 dB or more and:  • where any of the one-third octave noise levels in Table C2 are exceeded by up to and including 5 dB and cannot be mitigated, a 2- dB(A) positive adjustment to measured/predicted A- weighted levels applies for the evening/night period • where any of the one-third octave noise levels in Table C2 are exceeded by more than 5 dB and cannot be mitigated, a 5- dB(A) positive adjustment to measured/predicted A- weighted levels applies for the evening/night period and a 2- dB(A) positive adjustment applies for the daytime period.	2 or 5 dB <sup>2</sup>	A difference of 15 dB or more between C- and A-weighted measurements identifies the potential for an unbalance spectrum and potential increased annoyance. The values in Table C2 are derived from Moorhouse (2011) for DEFRA fluctuating low-frequency noise criteria with corrections to reflect external assessment locations.
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Table C2: One-third octave low-frequency noise thresholds.

Hz/dB(Z)	One-th	nird octa	ave dB(2	Z) Leq (	15 min)	thresho	ld level						
Frequency (Hz)	10	12.5	16	20	25	31.5	40	50	63	80	100	125	160
dB(Z)	92	89	86	77	69	61	54	50	50	48	48	46	44



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The correction applies to the mine noise component only. There are many sources of low frequency noise in the acoustic environment of each receiver area (including noise from road and rail traffic). In many cases the C minus A level is greater than 15 due to these other noise sources. In most instances the screening criteria will be the one third octave analysis. The NPI quantitative assessment of noise from MCC can only be conducted where the noise was clearly definable, which is at a level typically greater than 30 dB(A) or when there are no other significant sources. Due to this, quantitative assessment of low frequency noise was not possible.

In addition to the operational noise, the noise from MCC must not exceed **45 or 47 dB(A) L1 (1 min)** between the hours of 10 pm and 7 am (see Appendix I for details of noise criteria at various receiver locations). This is to minimise the potential for sleep disturbance as a result of individual loud noises from the mine.

The compliance measurement locations are different for each of the operational and sleep disturbance noise. That is, the sleep disturbance criterion is typically applicable at 1m from the facade of a bedroom window.

To avoid undue disturbance to residents the L1 (1 min) noise level from the operational measurements are used to show general compliance with the sleep disturbance criterion. That is, as the distance between the noise source and the operational noise monitoring location is significantly greater than the distance between the operational noise monitoring location and the sleep disturbance monitoring location (i.e. 1m from the facade of the house) there will be little variation in L1 (1 min) levels between the two monitoring locations.

It must be noted, however, that the sleep disturbance criterion is applicable at the outside of a bedroom window. As the internal layout of each residence is not known, to consider a worst case, the bedroom windows were assumed to be facing towards the mine.

As shown in Table 2, during the night time measurement circuit the L1 (1 min) noise from MCC did not exceed 45 dB(A) at any monitoring location.

We trust this report fulfils your requirements at this time, however, should you require additional information or assistance please contact the undersigned on (02) 4954 2276.

Yours faithfully,

SPECTRUM ACOUSTICS PTY LIMITED

Author:

**Neil Pennington** 

**Acoustical Consultant** 



Appendix I

Noise criteria from Development Consent DA205/2002 (Locations as per Figure 1).

Location	Day	Evening	Night			
Location	L <sub>Aeq(15 minute)</sub>	L <sub>Aeq(15 minute)</sub>	L <sub>Aeq(15 minute)</sub>	L <sub>A1 (1 minute)</sub>		
R1, R2, R3, R4, R17, R26, R27, R28, R29, R30, R31, R32, R33, R34, R35, R37, R38, R39	35	35	35	45		
R5	36	36	36	45		
R7	38	38	38	45		
R11	39	39	39	45		
R12	39	39	39	45		
R13	41	41	41	45		
R14	38	38	38	45		
R15	37	37	37	45		
R16	36	36	36	45		
R17	35	35	35	45		
R18	45	38	37	47		
R20	45	38	37	47		
R21	37	37	37	45		
R22	39	39	39	45		
R23	39	39	39	45		
R24	40	40	40	45		
R25	42	42	42	45		
R36	38	38	38	45		
R40	42	42	42	45		
R41	42	42	42	45		
R42	40	40	40	45		

Note: All levels are in dB(A)

Note: Following further consultation with the community it has been identified that R11 is a stable complex, not a residence, so the criteria listed in the table above do not apply.



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# Appendix II

### **Calibration Certificates**





Sydney Calibration Laboratory Unit 21, 1 Talavera Road, Macquarie Park NSW 2113, Australia Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025 - Calibration. Laboratory No. 1301

CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

Certificate No: CAU2401038

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CALIBRATION OF:

Sound Level Meter:
Microphone:
Preamplifier:
Supplied Calibrator:

Brüel & Kjær Brüel & Kjær Brüel & Kjær Brüel & Kjær BZ7223 Version 4.7.6 BE1712-22

2250
4189
ZC-0032
4231
Pattern Approval:
Identification:

No: 3318407 No: 31079 No: 2466354

No: 3030460

N/A

CUSTOMER:

Software version:

Instruction manual:

Spectrum Acoustics Pty Ltd

8 Panylan St Cardiff NSW 2285

CALIBRATION CONDITIONS:

Preconditioning:

4 hours at 23 °C

**Environment conditions:** 

see actual values in Environmental conditions sections

#### SPECIFICATIONS:

The Sound Level Meter has been calibrated in accordance with the requirements as specified in IEC61672-1:2013 class 1. Procedures from IEC 61672-3:2013 were used to perform the periodic tests. The measurements included in this document are traceable to Australian / International standards through accredited calibration of all relevant reference equipment.

#### PROCEDURE:

The measurements have been performed with the assistance of Brüel & Kjær Sound Level Meter Calibration System B&K 3630 with application software type 7763 (version 8.6 - DB: 8.60) and test procedure 2250-4189.

#### RESULTS

KESU	LIS:	
	Initial calibration	Calibration prior to repair/adjustment
Х	Calibration without repair/adjustment	Calibration after repair/adjustment

The reported expanded uncertainty is based on the standard uncertainty multiplied by a coverage factor k = 2 providing a level of confidence of approximately 95 %. The uncertainty evaluation has been carried out in accordance with EA-4/02 from elements originating from the standards, calibration method, effect of environmental conditions and any short time contribution from the device under calibration.

Date of Calibration: 04/11/2024

Certificate issued: 06/11/2024

Barath Chandar Rajendran

Calibration Technician

Sajeeb Tharayi

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Unit 21, 1 Talavera Road, Macquarie Park NSW 2113, Australia

Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025 - Calibration. Laboratory No. 1301

CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

Certificate No: CAU2401037

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**CALIBRATION OF:** 

Acoustic Calibrator: Identification:

Bruel & Kjaer 4231

N/A

No: 2466354

CLIENT:

Spectrum Acoustics Pty Ltd

8 Panylan St Cardiff NSW 2285

**CALIBRATION CONDITIONS:** 

Preconditioning:

12 hours at 23 °C

**Environment conditions** 

Air temperature: Air pressure:

23.6 °C ±3°C

Relative Humidity:

100.6 kPa ± 3 kPa 53.0 %RH ± 20 %RH

### SPECIFICATIONS:

The acoustic calibrator has been calibrated in accordance with the requirements as specified in IEC 60942:2003 class 1. The measurements included in this document are traceable to Australian / International standards through accredited calibration of all relevant reference equipment.

## PROCEDURE:

The measurements have been performed with the assistance of Brüel & Kjær Sound Level Meter Calibration System B&K 3630 with application software type 7794 (version 8.6 - DB: 8.60) and test procedure P\_4231\_4192\_M01.

#### **RESULTS:**

Initial calibration	Calibration prior to repair/adjustment
X Calibration without repair/adjustment	Calibration after repair/adjustment

The reported expanded uncertainty is based on the standard uncertainty multiplied by a coverage factor k = 2 providing a level of confidence of approximately 95 %. The uncertainty evaluation has been carried out in accordance with EA-4/02 from elements originating from the standards, calibration method, effect of environmental conditions and any short time contribution from the device under calibration.

Date of Calibration: 04/11/2024

Certificate issued: 06/11/2024

Barath Chandar Rajendran

Calibration Technician

Approved signatory

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# Appendix III

## Operational Details - 25 November 2024 (4:45pm to 2:45am)

## **Excavator and Truck**

EX212 was operating in Zone 5 with 6 x 777 trucks running to the RL147 dump area (Zone 5)

### Dozer Push

- 2 x DZ's were production dozing in Zone 5 1 x DZ on Dump Maintenance in Zone 5 (RL147) 6 x DZ's were production dozing in Zone 4

## **Ancillary Equipment**

1x Grader being used for haul road maintenance

## Crib Breaks (Engine Off) for 25/11/2024 - Night Shift

Cribs breaks vary between 10:30pm - 12:30am.



