Appendix

Revised Environmental Risk Assessment

CONTINUATION OF BOGGABRI COAL MINE PROJECT REVISED ENVIRONMENTAL RISK ASSESSMENT

for Boggabri Coal Pty Limited

Issue	Aspect	Impact	Preliminary Risk Assessment		y Risk nent	Proposed Control Measures		Revised Risk Assessment		
			С	L	R			L	R	
		Loss of biodiversity and disruption to threatened flora and fauna or habitats	3	A	6 (H)	A Biodiversity Impact Assessment has been completed by Parsons Brinkerhoff in accordance with the DECC <i>Draft Guidelines for</i> <i>Threatened Species Assessment</i> (DEC, 2005b). The assessment has identified the impacts of the Project on flora and fauna (including listed threatened species and vegetation communities). Mitigation				
Ecology	Vegetation clearing and topsoil stripping	Disturbance to Federally listed species	3	A	6 (H)	 measures have been identified and include: Limit disturbance of Native Vegetation; Prepare a Biodiversity Management Plan; Implement a two stage clearing protocol; Prepare a detailed rehabilitation and revegetation management plan; Develop a flora and fauna monitoring program; Prepare a sediment and erosion control plan; Develop a Biodiversity Offsets Strategy that adequately compensates for the impacts caused by the Project. This includes 'like for like' Box Gum Woodland and additional native vegetation areas. 	3	D	17 (M)	

locuo	Acreat	Impost	Preliminary Risk Assessment		/ Risk	Pronosod Control Measures		Revised Risk		
ISSUE	Aspeci	impact	C	L	R	Proposed Control Measures	С	L	R	
Cultural Heritage	Vegetation clearing, topsoil stripping drilling and blasting	Disturbance of Aboriginal artefacts, sites or places of cultural significance	3	В	9 (H)	An Aboriginal Archaeological Impact Assessment for the Project has been conducted by Insight Archaeology in accordance with the Draft Guidelines for Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Impact Assessment and Community Consultation (DECC, 2005a). All archaeological sites identified will be salvaged prior to ground disturbance.	4	В	14 (S)	
		Disturbance of Non Aboriginal Heritage sites	4	С	18 (M)	Chris Carter from Archaeology Australia has conducted a Non- Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Assessment in accordance with the standards required by the Heritage Office of NSW. No significant Non Aboriginal Heritage sites were identified within the Project Boundary that would be impacted by the Project, therefore no controls are required.	5	D	24 (L)	
	Topsoil stripping, haul roads, un-rehabilitated spoil	Dirty water runoff entering local waterways	3	A	6 (H)	A Groundwater Impact Assessment has been conducted for the Project by Australasian Groundwater and Environmental Consultants (AGE). A finite difference, 3D, numerical simulation	3	С	13 (S)	
		Additional groundwater inflow into pit	4	С	18 (M)	package (MODFLOW) to identify the impacts of the Project on groundwater (including alluvial aquifers and any surrounding private boreholes) has been used. Groundwater will continue to be monitored and managed by	4	С	18 (M)	
	Coal Extraction and overburden removal	Drawdown of aquifers on surrounding water users	4	С	18 (M)		4	D	21 (L)	
Water Management		Cumulative impacts with surrounding users	4	D	21 (L)	Boggabri Coal in accordance with the approved Water Management Plan.	4	D	21 (L)	
	Increase in production, coal processing and intensification of operations	Additional water demand for dust suppression and coal washing	5	В	19 (M)	Project by Parsons Brinckerhoff. The assessment has included for the preparation of a water balance and identification of water demands and management requirements for the Project. Boggabri Coal will continue to manage surface water in accordance	5	A	15 (S)	
	Water discharges into local waterways	Surface water contamination	3	С	13 (S)	system to effectively source, capture, divert, store, monitor, utilise	3	D	17 (M)	

Issue	Aspect	Impact	Pre A	liminary ssessm	/ Risk nent	Proposed Control Measures		Revised Risk Assessment		
			С	L	R	•	С	L	R	
		Contaminated water from wash down bays, etc		С	13 (S)	and reticulate water on site. A flood water impact assessment has been conducted by WRM.	3	D	17 (M)	
	Flooding Increased Chanel		3	D	17 (M)	The assessment investigated the influence of infrastructure works including the rail bridge, on flood levels and afflux above and below the Project Boundary. All infrastructure will be designed to ensure no material impacts on flood flows.		D	21 (L)	
Coal, rejects and overburden haulageExc genPlant and equipment working in-pit and on overburden dumpsTrain movements on rail loop and spur	Excessive Noise generation	4	С	18 (M)						
		2 C 8 (H) An Acoustic Impact Assessment (incorporating hoise and blasting) has been conducted for the Project by Bridges Acoustics in accordance with the Industrial Noise Policy 2000 (INP). The assessment identified the potential noise impacts of the Project.								
	Train movements on rail loop and spur		4	С	18 (M)	infrastructure, traffic noise and rail noise. The EA has also	4	D	21 (L)	
Acoustics	CPP operation and stockpiles		4	С	18 (M)	surrounding mining operations and industry. The EA has identified and recommend the implementation of all reasonable and feasible				
100005005	Coal loading at rail loop		4	С	18 (M)	mitigation measures.				
	Product Coal Transport		4	В	14 (S)	including a range of mine planning, operational and engineering measures to be applied to the Project.				
-	Increased traffic movements		5	В	19 (M)					
	Blasting	Overpressure and ground vibration impacts at near neighbours and heritage properties	4	С	18 (M)	An acoustic impact assessment (including noise and blasting) has been conducted for the Project by Bridges Acoustics. Noise and blasting will continue to be conducted and managed in accordance with current environmental management and monitoring programs.	4	D	21 (L)	

مىرى	Aspect	Impact	Pre 4	liminary	y Risk	Proposed Control Measures	Revised Risk Assessment			
13500	Азресс	impact	C	L	R		С	L	R	
	Overburden stockpile dumps		4	A	10 (S)	A Visual Impact Assessment has been completed for the Project by	4	С	18 (M)	
Visual	Exposed earthworks	Visual	4	А	10 (S)	Integral Architecture and Planning, which has assessed the visual impacts of the Project and identified mitigation and management				
	Lighting from mobile and fixed equipment		4	С	18 (M)	measures, as appropriate.				
Vegetation clearing, drilling and topsoil stripping Overburden emplacement Uncovering of coal		3	A	6 (H)	An Air Quality Impact Assessment has been conducted for the Project by PAE Holmes in accordance with the ' <i>Approved Methods</i> and Guidance for the Modelling and Assessment of Air Pollutants in					
	Overburden emplacement		3	А	6(H)	New South Wales' (DEC, 2001).				
	Uncovering of coal	Wind blown dust and machinery exhaust	3	В	9 (H)	accordance with the existing Boggabri Coal management controls.	4	С	18 (M)	
	Coal, rejects and overburden haulage	fumes contributing to elevated dust levels	3	С	13 (S)	operational procedures, meteorology and a comprehensive air				
Air Quality	Coal processing and transport		3	С	13 (S)	relation to dust control will be applied to the Project to ensure				
	CPP operation and stockpiles		4	С	18 (M)	acceptable criteria.				
	Combustion of diesel fuel		4	С	18 (M)	The Air Quality Impact Assessment determined greenhouse gas Scope 1, 2 and 3 emissions in accordance with the Australian				
	Electricity use	Greenhouse das	4	С	18 (M)	Greenhouse Office's (AGO) 'Factors and Methods Workbook' (AGO,				
	Downstream Impacts from the Burning of Coal	emissions	4	A	10 (S)	2005). It further confirmed that the Project in itself will have a negligible impact on global warming. Boggabri Coal will continue to manage and minimise Greenhouse Gas emissions where possible.		C	18 (M)	

Issue	Aspect	Impact	Preliminary Risk Assessment			Proposed Control Measures		Revised Risk Assessment		
			С	L	R		С	L	R	
	Spontaneous combustion	Heating, vegetation scalding, emissions to air, odours	4	D	21 (L)	Assessments and previous experience has identified that the coal resource at Boggabri Coal does not have a propensity for spontaneous combustion. Boggabri Coal will continue to manage coal and waste handling to ensure spontaneous combustion is avoided.	4	D	21 (L)	
Blasting		Greenhouse gas emissions, fume and dust Generation	3	С	13 (S)					
		Loss of productive topsoil	3	С	13 (S)	A Soil Survey and Land Resource Impact Assessment has been completed for the Project by GSS Environmental. The assessment	3	С	13 (S)	
Topsoil Stripping and land preparation	Deterioration of land capability	3	С	13 (S)	mapped the soil types within the Project Boundary, identified any soil materials with potentially adverse quality (e.g. acid sulphate generating) and identified the suitability of topsoils for use as topdressing material and identified mitigation and management measures for the Project.		С	13 (S)		
Mine Rehabilitation		Erosion	4	D	21 (L)	The proposed mine plan for the Project will allow the development of an undulating, free-draining and stable landform generally consistent				
	Rehabilitation	Invasion of weed species	5	С	22 (L)	with the surrounding environment. Rehabilitation at Boggabri is designed to be compatible with the surrounding landform, stable and	4	D	21 (L)	
		Invasion of feral animals	5	С	22 (L)	able to support final land use(s).				
	Final Landform	Acid Rock Drainage	2	D	12 (S)	emplacement slopes are shaped to 10 degrees or less.	2	E	16 (M)	
		Unstable landform	4	D	21 (L)	undertaken in accordance with the Landscape and Revegetation	4	D	21 (L)	

Issue	Aspect	ect Impact		liminary ssessm	y Risk nent	Proposed Control Measures		Revised Risk Assessment		
			С	L	R		С	L	R	
		Poor drainage	4	D	21 (L)	Management Plan, focusing on the regeneration of Box Gum Woodland.	4	D	21 (L)	
	Erosion		4	С	18 (M)	The long-term rehabilitation strategy will be revised for the Project.	4	С	18 (M)	
	Forest use					The mine plan was revised to ensure as much of Leard State Forest would remain accessible for recreational users. The Leard State				
Leard State Forest	erest Recreational use Restricted access		4	D	21 (L)	Forest will remain accessible (to the north) via Harparary Road. The Leard State Conservation Area will be expanded to provide additional land for recreational users as part of the Boggabri Coal Biodiversity Offset Strategy.	4	D	21 (L)	
Traffic and	Increased vehicle movements from employees, deliveries and train loading	Increased traffic movements	5	С	22 (L)	A Traffic Impact Assessment has been completed for the Project by Parsons Brinkerhoff in accordance with the Guide to Traffic Generating Developments (RTA, 2002). The assessment has reviewed the capacity of the affected road network to cater for differing traffic volumes due to the proposed change in traffic flows from the Project. Road enhancements and mitigation measures have been incorporated into a VPA with Narrabri Shire Council.	5	С	22 (L)	
Transport	Leard Forest Road closure	Socio-Economic	3	A	6 (H)	Noise impacts from traffic were assessed in the acoustical impact assessment described above. Mitigation measures have been identified and will be instigated as part of the Project.	4	D	21 (L)	
	Product coal transport via rail	Traffic delays at low level rail crossings	4	С	18 (M)	A Train Operation Traffic Impact Study has been completed for the Project by Parsons Brinckerhoff. The assessment has reviewed the capacity of the existing at grade crossings in Boggabri, Curlewis and Gunnedah and found them to be adequate.	4	С	18 (M)	
Waste	General waste management	Land contamination	5	D	24 (L)	The Boggabri Coal Waste Management System provides a detailed procedure to ensure the environmentally responsible disposal,	5	D	24 (L)	

Issue Aspect		Impact	Preliminary Risk Assessment			Proposed Control Measures		Revised Risk Assessment		
			С	L	R		С	L	R	
	Rejects management	Water contamination	4	С	18 (M)	tracking and reporting of all waste generated on site. The Waste Management System will continue to be applied to the Project and	4	С	18 (M)	
	Sewage management	ewage Water contamination		4 D		will be enhanced as required. An initiative of the Project has been to negate the need for the construction of an out of mine tailings dam.	4	D	21 (L)	
Hazardous materials	Storage and Handling	Soil and water contamination	4	D	21 (L)	All hazardous materials will continue to be managed in accordance with the relevant hazardous materials management procedures. It is not anticipated that large and additional quantities of hazardous materials will be required for the Project.	4	D	24 (L)	

IDEMITSU AUSTRALIA RESOURCES

									Likelihood			
	IAI	R CORPO	RATE BU	SINESS RISK			A Certain	B Probable	C Possible	D Remote	E Improbable	
			(Consequence								
Deting	Note: Conse period of 12	quence may o months	consist of a si	ngle event or may	represent a cumul	ative impact over a	<i>"</i> "	"Has	"Could	<i></i>	"Practically	
Rating	Impact to Annual Business Plan	Personal Injury (PI)	Business Interruption (BI)	Legal (L)	Reputation (R)	Environment (E)	"Common"	Happened"	Happen"	"Not Likely"	impossible"	
1. Catastrophic	>\$50m	Multiple Fatalities	> 1 month	Prolonged litigation, heavy fines, potential jail term	Prolonged International media attention	Long term impairment habitats/ ecosystem	1 (E)	2 (E)	5 (H)	7 (H)	11 (S)	
2. Major	\$10m - \$50m	Single Fatality	1 week to 1 month	Major breach/ major litigation	International media attention	Long term effects of ecosystem	3 (E)	4 (E)	8 (H)	12 (S)	16 (M)	
3. Moderate	\$1m - \$10m	Serious/ Disabling Injury	1 day to 1 week	Serious breach of regulation. prosecution/ fine	National media attention	Serious medium term environmental effects	6 (H)	9 (H)	13 (S)	17 (M)	20 (L)	
4. Minor	\$100k - 1m	Lost Time Injury	12 hrs to 1 day	Non-compliance, breaches in regulation	Adverse local public attention	Minor effects to physical environment	10 (S)	14 (S)	18 (M)	21 (L)	23 (L)	
5. Insignificant	<\$100k	First Aid Treatment Only	< 12 hrs	Low level compliance issue	Local complaints	Limited physical damage	15 (S)	19 (M)	22 (L)	24 (L)	25 (L)	

Continuation of Boggabri Coal Mine	Appendix F
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Risk Rating	Risk	Category	Generic Management Actions
1 to 4	E	Extreme	Immediate intervention required from senior management to eliminate or reduce this risk
5 to 9	н	High	Imperative to eliminate or reduce risk to a lower level by the introduction of control measures. Management planning required at senior levels
10 to 15	S	Significant	Corrective action required, senior management attention needed to eliminate or reduce risks
16 to 19	М	Moderate	Corrective action to be determined, management responsibility must be specified
20 to 25	L	Low	Monitor and manage by corrective action where practicable.